National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



**Laboratory Manuals**

*for*

**Computer Networks**

(CL -307)

Department of Computer Science

FAST-NU, Lahore, Pakistan

**Lab Manual 08**

# Objective:

* Observing the structure and working of **TCP** and **UDP** Protocols in Wireshark.

# Lab Statement 1: Analyzing TCP Packets using Wireshark (10)

* **Step 1:** Run Wireshark.
* **Step 2:** Load the trace file **tcp-ethereal-trace-1**
* **Step 3:** Now filter out all TCP packets by typing “tcp” (without quotes) in the filter field towards the top of the Wireshark window. You should see a series of TCP and HTTP messages between the host in MIT and gaia.cs.umass.edu. The first three packets of the trace consist of the initial *three-way handshake* containing the SYN, SYN ACK and ACK messages. You should see a series of “TCP Segment of Reassembled PDU” messages being sent from the host in MIT to gaia.cs.umass.edu. Recall from the previous lab that there is no such thing as an HTTP Continuation message – this is Wireshark’s way of indicating that there are multiple segments being used to carry a single HTTP message. You should also see TCP ACK segments being returned from gaia.cs.umass.edu to the host in MIT.

**Question 1:** What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

**Question 2:** What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?

**Question 3:** What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?

**Question 4:** What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment?

**\*Question 5:** In packet 9, **Ack = 2026** and **Seq = 1**. Explain these values?

**\*Question 6:** In packet 16, **Ack = 7866** and **Seq = 1**. Explain these values?

**Question 7:** Why Wireshark uses relative sequence and ack?

**Lab Statement 2: Analyzing UDP Packets using Wireshark (5)**

* **Step 1:** Run Wireshark
* **Step 2:** Load the trace file **dns-ethereal-trace-2.**
* **Step 3:** Now filter out all non-UDP packets by typing “udp” (without quotes) in the filter field towards the top of the Wireshark window
* **Step 4:** Analyze the UDP Packets and answer the following questions

**Question 1:** Select the first DNS packet in the trace. Determine, how many fields there are in the UDP header

**Question 2:** From the packet content field (click on any header and observe the display in the Packet Bytes Window), determine the length (in bytes) of each of the UDP header fields.

**Question 3:**  The value in the Length field is the length of what? Verify your claim using the selected packet.

**Question 4:**  What is the port number to query the DNS Server?